

## Painting furniture

### Shopping list

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> wall brush                 | <input type="checkbox"/> dust masks                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> cutter brush               | <input type="checkbox"/> disposable gloves               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> stain and polishing pad    | <input type="checkbox"/> coveralls                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> mini foam roller kit 110mm | <input type="checkbox"/> sugar soap                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 110mm foam 2 pack covers   | <input type="checkbox"/> painter's tape                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mini roller tray           | <input type="checkbox"/> wooden or plastic paint stirrer |
| <input type="checkbox"/> gap filler                 | <input type="checkbox"/> cleaning cloths                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> plastic filling blades     | <input type="checkbox"/> canvas or plastic dropsheet     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> general purpose sponge     | <input type="checkbox"/> tack cloth or pocket duster     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> sanding sponge             |  |

see the painters checklist for a comprehensive list of products that you may require to complete your project

### Preparation

- Remove all hardware from furniture.
- Fill any holes or cracks with the appropriate filler and allow to cure as per instructions.
- Sand surfaces smooth to remove old paint and sharp edges and to smooth fillers. Always sand along the grain of the timber. (NB: sanding dust from all surface types can be harmful. Use dust masks, gloves and coveralls to protect yourself and your clothing).
- Thoroughly wash and degrease surfaces using sugar soap. Allow to dry completely before painting.
- Rinse rollers and brushes in solvent or water, dependent on the paint type. Allow to dry before use.
- Immediately before painting use a tack cloth or pocket duster to remove excess dust and fine particles.

### Application

- Speak to your paint specialist about applying a base coat, primer or rust resistant application. Priming is especially important on surfaces that have never been painted.
- For the best brush finish apply paint, varnish or stain from side to side in smooth strokes. Start at the top and work your way down. This allows drips to be painted over. Concentrate on one area at a time.
- Alternatively, use a small roller for paint application. Rollers are quick and easy to use and will not leave brush strokes on the finished surface. Roll paint on by using even strokes. Paint applied too liberally will run.
- Repeat either process for each coat. The number of coats required will depend on the paint, surface and application method used. Follow instructions on the paint can regarding drying times.
- If desired varnish can be applied as a final coat for a clear finish.
- Allow furniture plenty of time to dry. Do not place anything on furniture for at least one week as it may easily mark. Replace hardware after this time.

### Clean up and care

See brush and roller care cleaning sheet for full cleaning and product care instructions.

This fact sheet is intended as a guide only. Rokset does not warrant the accuracy of this information. For professional advice on your particular task, please speak to a paint specialist. Closely follow the instructions on the paint can